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VOLUME 5

REDFCLIFF ALBERTA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1916

NUMBER 38

NEWLY ELECTED COUNCILLORS TAKE PLACES

Full Representation at Last Monday's Meeting—Financial Agent Writes for Option on Debentures.

For the first time in several months the regular meeting of the council of the town of Redcliff was held last Monday evening was attended by a full representation of the board. The two newly elected members, Councillors Lavelle and Crowe, were in their places and all the old members were also present.

On behalf of the council, Mayor Bost welcomed the new members to the board. He said they were well qualified for the position and trusted all would work harmoniously together for the common good of the town.

After the reading of the minutes the Mayor explained that since the two firms which had been authorized to place the fire guard were not now in a position to do the work at any price, and since he had been authorized to draw to the matter several times by ratepayers asking that something be done for fire protection as soon as possible, he had instructed the engineer to have this work done by day labor. This was now being done, Councillor Lavelle and Robertson thought the Mayor had acted wisely in having this matter attended to and the whole council approved of his action.

Regarding the public writing trough mentioned in the minutes, Mayor explained that Mr. Barber had volunteered to pay the expense in connection with the placing of a trough on the vacant lot at the corner of Broadway and First street; and as this answered the purpose of a trough, he did not think it necessary for the town to install another one at present.

A letter was read from Mr. Hillery, supervisor of the Royal bank, asking for a detailed statement of the town's running expenses from now to the end of the year. The secretary was instructed to furnish same.

H. R. Woods, financial agent, of Montreal, wrote asking some time option on \$100,000 of debentures at 60. This was granted.

The auditor submitted their semi-annual report which was accepted by the council.

A Trust and Guarantee Company wrote the council on behalf of the estate of the late W. Alkorn, asking for a rebate on some school taxes paid this school district in the year 1911. They stated that the land in question was not in this school district at the time. Councillor Bost said as it is money appeared to have been collected in error it should be refunded by the town. The Mayor explained that when this amount was paid Redcliff was only a village and as such the school taxes were handled by the school board. With this explanation the matter was referred to the school board.

A letter was read from the Union of Alberta Municipalities urging the council to join that organization and reminding them of the annual meeting to be held in Banff some time this month. The Mayor and Councillor Ireland thought the town should co-operate with the union in any way as that organization was instrumental in having some good legislation passed in the interest of the town and city in the province, and they thought that as many of the councillors as could do so should attend the meeting in Banff. On motion of Councillors Ireland and Lavelle the secretary was instructed to forward the necessary membership card to the treasurer of the union.

D. Breenfoot walked on the council and asked to have a committee named to draw the grain elevator for the convenience of farmers coming to town with grain after dark. The request was granted.

A bill covering the expenses in connection with a damaged street light owned by a runaway horse, owned by F. H. Schram, was presented and the same was ordered to be sent to Mr. Schram for payment.

A few small accounts were passed by the finance committee and ordered to be paid.

It was decided that the two newly elected councillors should take their places on the various committees which were occupied by the retired councillors.

Local Cigar Factory To Make 50 Cigars

Part of the staff of the Redcliff Cigar factory is busy these days making a new brand of cigars which will retail at five cents straight. The cigar will be of the average size and will be made of good Havana filling and are assured it will be the very best cigar on the market for this price. Those who have tried them will be able to testify to the fact. These new cigars are now being made in large quantities but they will not be ready to put on the market for about two weeks yet, and they will have to be boxed and labeled. As the quality is in these goods Mr. Amos feels sure they will have no trouble of finding a market for them all over the west.

School Attendance Gradually Increasing

The attendance at the school is gradually growing from day to day. The increase in attendance is more noticeable in the lower grades. Fourteen pupils have so far been added to the roll in the primary room, making a total attendance in that department of 44. In the high school room the attendance has increased so rapidly that the new room is taxed to its capacity to accommodate the scholars. She has at present 50 on the roll and this week additional seats had to be added. As this is considered too many for one teacher to handle and as there are still more to be taken on in these grades it was decided by the board of a few weeks till an additional teacher will have to be added to the staff.

At the present time there are more pupils attending these two lower rooms than there were at the close of last term.

Wheat Goes 47 1-2 to Acres; Grades No. 1

The Brown brothers, who have five thousand acres in crop just west of here have finished cutting and got in ten days' threshing. The grain and snow came. The grain is turning out most satisfactory and if the amount already threshed is any criterion they will be well paid for their summer's work. The first 20 acres of wheat threshed, averaged 47 1/2 bushels to the acre. This was threshed last Saturday and they started in again yesterday, when the weather was a perfect day for the day's threshing. This, however, was from the very best part of the crop and it is not probable that the whole five thousand acres will average anything like this amount. However, the foreman estimates that the total average will be about 30 bushels to the acre.

One car has already been shipped and it is graded No. 1 Northern. This is a very good grade and it is a fair indication of what this district will do in the grain line this fall.

500,000 Armenians To Come to America

The Turkish government has accepted the offer of U. S. Ambassador Morgenthau to raise a fund to transport Armenians who have not been massacred by the Asiatic Minor to America. It is said that 500,000 Armenians have been slaughtered or are being slaughtered and that there are 500,000 left. It is also stated that when the Armenians are got rid of, Greece and Jewry will be driven out or massacred. It is said also that the Turks intend to keep the country for themselves and even will attempt to drive out Asiatic Christians.

Turks Preparing For Fall of Dardanelles

Landings of additional bodies of British and French troops on the Gallipoli peninsula are reported from Mytilene. Paris hears that the allied fleet has silenced the Turkish batteries on the Asiatic coast of the Dardanelles, which were able to reach the camps of the expeditionary forces with their fire, and that steady progress is being made in reaching the Turks on the peninsula. The current official statement from Constantinople is that the Dardanelles operations mentioned in the artillery firing through which the Turks claim to have driven off hostile warships and to have taken back the infantry formations near Anafarta and Seddi Bahr.

The Medicine Hat Presbytery Met in Redcliff Last Friday

The first meeting of the Presbytery of the bounds in this town was held on Friday, Sept. 10th, in the church. There were two sessions, and a good deal of routine and special business was transacted. The members present were Revs. J. W. Morrow, J. G. Watts, J. A. Claxton, Wm. Sharron and C. L. Gordon, ministers, and Messrs. Wm. Henderson, P. M. Simpson and W. E. Hays, elders. In non-sessional hours these brethren were entertained in the homes of the congregation.

After the opening devotion Rev. J. W. Morrow, the retiring moderator, was thanked for the efficient and courteous manner in which he had conducted the business of the council the first year of its history, and was succeeded by Rev. J. O. Watts as moderator for the current ecclesiastical year. Rev. G. Lawson Gordon was re-appointed clerk, and Mr. Hay was re-elected.

The largest part of the Presbytery's time was taken up with home mission work, which is a mission station under its care. The report of the superintendent of missions, the convener of missions, and the student and ordained missionaries standing, and given careful consideration. The students of whom two, Messrs. W. J. Hutton and J. W. Morrow (both present), were thanked for the good work done by them in their fields this year. It was agreed to employ an equal number of workers during the coming winter. The work of the Rev. Mr. Watts as convener on home missions was especially commended.

The matter of arranging for a conference for Sabbath school workers to be held in October was placed in the hands of Messrs. Morrow and Watts. Mr. Hay reported that all the congregations had paid their allocations to the Presbytery for 1916.

On motion by Mr. Watts and an amendment by the clerk being put to a vote, the Presbytery discerned that in the vote on the union of the churches the member's vote shall be confined to those that are members of the churches and that those considered adherents who attend and contribute to the support of the churches in any of our congregations or holding property.

The trustees holding property of the Presbyterian church in Bow Island were authorized to sell the same over to the Methodist church, on certain conditions. This was done because at a previous meeting the had agreed to withdraw from Bow Island in favor of the Methodist.

Brick And Coal Plant May Run All Winter

Dr. C. H. Kohler, president of the brick & coal company, arrived in town this week on business in connection with the plant. Both the coal mine and the brick plant are now in operation and although neither is running to full capacity, Dr. Kohler assures us that prospects are good for increasing both plants in the near future. The coal business has practically just started and orders are coming in from all points east and west. The company also has promising prospects for securing some large brick orders and if they are successful will land the plant in all probability be kept going all winter.

First Band Practice To Be Held To-night

The band will meet for practice in the school Friday (tonight) at 8 o'clock. All members of the band and all those who wish to join and help in the organization along are requested to be present on this occasion. The work of the band committee will be to present to the band committee to be present to discuss important matters. They have made arrangements for an instructor to be present Friday evening with the intention of getting into shape for fall and winter practices.

There is no reason why we should not have a good band in Redcliff this winter, and we would have if all those who can help would do so.

Remount Commission Here To Buy Horses

Representatives of the British Remount Commission are at present in Calgary for the purpose of purchasing horses from British government herds. The prices which will be paid in Alberta and Saskatchewan are the same as in the United States for horses of the same quality.

At the prices quoted below all freight charges on the purchasing point, after final acceptance of horses by the purchasing officer, will be borne by the British government.

1st. Transport horses, from 1,450 lbs. to 1,650 lbs., price \$185.

2nd. Artillery horses, from 1,300 lbs. to 1,450 lbs., price \$185.

3rd. Cavalry horses, from 1,200 lbs. to 1,350 lbs., price \$165.

All horses must be five to nine years old, sound, thoroughly broken and straight gaited.

All sellers will be required to give to the purchasing officer the brand of the horse and satisfactory proof of ownership.

Threshers' Lien Is First Charge on Crop

Word has been sent out from the department of the interior, at Ottawa, to the effect that it is not the intention of the government to have registered liens in connection with seed grain and relief take priority to the threshers' liens. The threshers, therefore, may proceed with their work with the understanding that his lien is the first charge on the crop. The notice sent out also states that the government has no objection to interest in compelling the farmer to sell his grain before he desires to do so.

Conservatives Are Returned In P. E. I.

The Conservative party, under leader Matheson, was returned to power yesterday by the electors of the province of Prince Edward Island. The Conservatives won a majority in the legislature. Leader Matheson had 28 supporters against 12 in opposition.

All the portfolio holders in the last cabinet were re-elected, but two ministers were re-elected to the portfolio, Jenkins and McDonald, were defeated. Another member without portfolio, the executive council, Dallas was returned by a small majority over the opposition leader, ex-Governor Rogers, who left the government to head the Liberal party. Hon. James A. McNeill, co-minister of public works, is believed to have been re-elected with a majority of six.

Turks Preparing For Fall of Dardanelles

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Monday, Oct. 11th IS Date Set For Thanksgiving Day

At a meeting of the Dominion cabinet held yesterday afternoon the date for Thanksgiving this year was set for Monday, October 11th.

As the first Thanksgiving in Canada to be celebrated and offer of thanks for a bountiful harvest, this district should observe the day in some special way this year. A special public Thanksgiving service might be held in both town and country would unite.

Fifty-Pound Pumpkin Raised in Redcliff

Frederick Wolfe, who has a very fine garden at town this year, brought to this office this week a sample of what he is raising in the pumpkin. He has three large pumpkins which weighed in all 109 pounds. The largest weighed 50 pounds, the next 35 and the smallest 24. They certainly were fine specimens and furnish but another proof of what the soil of this district will produce with a little moisture and attention. Mr. Wolfe also had great success with all other varieties of vegetables.

Rebekahs To Attend Service Next Sunday

The members of the local Rebekah Lodge will attend service in St. Andrew's church next Sunday evening at 7.30. The members will convene at the home of Mrs. John, Fifth Street, and proceed from there to the church. All visiting Rebekahs are invited to join. The Old Fellows will also accompany the ladies to church. The latter will meet at the lodge room at 7 o'clock.

Motor Lorries for Red Cross Work

Nearly one hundred gifts of motor lorries have been made to the Canadian Red Cross but so far no motor lorries have been given out of those purchased by the committee in England. Motor lorries, however, although at first sight a necessity of commerce rather than an indispensable adjunct to hospital and life saving work, have been found to be of increasing importance in Red Cross work. Mr. J. M. Coote, a honorary secretary of the Quebec Provincial Red Cross now en route to take up a post in East Africa as inspector for the Imperial government, has recently made an inspection of Red Cross activities in France and called attention of Canadians to the urgent need for motor lorries. Some form of conveyance is necessary to transport the supplies to the receiving station at Boulogne to the hospitals and bases in France, often a distance of 30 miles or more. At present the motor ambulances have been used for this purpose and are in danger of being damaged by the necessary rough usage. If the army advances the wear and tear on the ambulances will increase and it seems a wise economy to provide an adequate equipment of motor lorries.

Plan to Tie Up Trade In U.S. Nipped in Bud

Inside details of the gigantic plot of alleged agents of the German and Austrian governments to "buy" for \$10,000,000 a complete tie-up of outgoing commerce from the United States and bring about mob violence at various American ports were related by T. V. O'Connor, president of the International Longshoremen's Union. The labor chief, who has heretofore remained silent, neither denies nor affirms the existence of an international plot affecting nearly 60,000 members of his union, acknowledged the truth of sensational reports.

The alleged purpose of the strike which was to be secretly organized, he said, was to prevent the shipment of munitions to the entente allies. Behind this supposed motive, however, he said, was another.

"The real scheme was dastardly," he said. "While the longshoremen were busy suggesting strikes and strikes were being organized, the German and the allies to win must put forth all their strength, in some plot organized by the third C. This would have been done by German agents and charged up to the union strikers."

RUSSIANS ARE COMING BACK STRONG AGAIN

Are Now Well Supplied, with Ammunition and Guns—May Put 5,000,000 More Men In The Field At Once

Stern battles are being fought all along the eastern front from Riga to the Roumanian border. While the Germans continue to advance slowly in the north and centre, the Russians in the south are repeating their successes against the Austro-German armies, which are now being driven back across the River Strig in Galicia and have been forced to retire westward, north of the Galician frontier. These successes have been assuredly welcomed in Russia and the allied countries as evidence that the Russian army is still able to take the offensive when well supplied with ammunition, there is no inclination to exaggerate their importance. These successes are advancing and have better advantage in the north, where the operations of the much greater modern warships directed by Wm. Hindenburg who began the offensive against the Vilna-Dvinsk railway, a week ago, on the line. His cavalry, which did reach it, were driven back. South of Vilna, toward Grodno, the Russians are offering stubborn resistance. All visiting Rebekahs are invited to join. The Old Fellows will also accompany the ladies to church. The latter will meet at the lodge room at 7 o'clock.

Wheat Prices Are Not Encouraging

It is naturally very disappointing to the farmers of Canada that after making great effort to live up to the appeal of the "patriotism and production" campaign—that they now find a rapidly falling market for their produce. It must be remembered, however, that the grain crops of Canada have been duplicated by nearly all the great wheat raising countries of the world, and the supply greatly in excess of expectations.

For the means that the market will for the next few months at least, be glutted, and the tendency for that period will not likely be upwards. It would appear to be advisable, therefore, for farmers who possibly can to hold their grain pending an advance in prices.

The action of the government in granting the settlers who have returned from the front a larger time in which to make repayments will make this more possible and will doubtless result in a more gradual marketing of grain in Alberta and the western portions of Saskatchewan. The present low prices and the assurance of ample facilities for transportation across the Atlantic will discourage hoarding marketing and improve the situation.

Canada Has Largest Crop In Its History

In a bulletin issued last Monday the census and statistics office published the preliminary estimate of the production in Canada of the principal grain crops (wheat, oats, rye, barley and flax seed), as well as a report on the condition of all-aid crops at the end of August.

The preliminary estimates of this year's wheat crop in Canada is 2,986,400 acres, representing an average yield of 22.5 bushels.

Of oats the total yield for 1915 is estimated at 47,000,000 bushels from 1,235,000 acres, an average yield per acre of 38.4 bushels.

That the central powers still have an overwhelming superiority in all the governments of Europe, and that the allies to win must put forth all their strength, in some plot organized by the third C. This would have been done by German agents and charged up to the union strikers."

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

W. H. HATCHER, Proprietor
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DEVELOP THE COUNTRY

The exceptionally fine crops in this district this year have attracted more attention to farming and farms than ever before. This applies more particularly, possibly, to those living in towns and cities and especially to our own town. Merchants are realizing more and more before what it means to be surrounded with a good farming district under cultivation. Because of this awakening, brought about largely through the falling off in business in the industrial and other lines of town and city work, attention is being turned farmward in a very noticeable way. Along this line, therefore, the first thing that strikes us here in Redcliff is the numerous acres of land in the immediate vicinity of the town which is uncultivated and actually going to waste. One has to drive for miles in any direction before coming across a crop, and the pity of it is that in making that drive one gets over some of the very best land in the country.

Naturally the first question asked by strangers is "Why is this land not opened up for homesteads and put under cultivation?" The reason is because thousands of acres of land in this district were donated to the Southern Alberta Land Company by the Dominion government several years ago, for a mere song. Most of this land has been lying idle ever since and some of it which was broken has now gone to most luxuriant growth of weeds, much to the annoyance of surrounding farmers. Now since the Southern Alberta Land Company, not the Wheatlands Company, secured part of this land from the former company, are doing nothing with this land, and since the governments are strong on their advice to get on to the land and make it produce millions of new money, it would be a good idea if the Dominion government would redeem all this land in this district and throw it open for homesteads. If this were done and the lighter land left for grazing purposes, it would not only go a long way towards developing our resources but would be a great benefit to surrounding towns.

Because of present conditions farmers of this district are unable to expand and increase their holdings as their homestead is wedged in between sections of this land and they cannot buy, pre-empt or even rent. The Dominion government should redeem all this land and throw it open for homesteads and also allow farmers already settled around here the privilege of purchasing. It is only by doing this that the land in this district will be developed and made to produce something.

IT PAYS TO STACK GRAIN

The past eight months has surely been a time with a series of lessons for men and women of all classes and conditions. During this period the business man, the professional man, the artisan and the laborer alike have had experiences in which energy, thrift and economy were taxed to their utmost, and in which many valuable lessons, which should prove beneficial for this generation at least, were taught.

It is only natural, therefore, to expect that in these unprecedented times there should also

be new experiences and lessons for the farming community. There have been and in many respects the farmers have been profiting by them. More attention has been paid to garden stuffs this year, and an extra supply of winter feed for stock has been gathered in. Another matter now which should be occupying the attention of farmers and farmers organizations is the successful and profitable marketing of their grain. This is something which requires careful planning as well as the co-operation of all concerned.

In conversation with one of the most prosperous farmers of this district another matter to which very little thought has been given in the past, was brought to our attention. That was in the matter of stacking the grain as soon as possible after it is cut. Besides being good for the grain and safeguarding against inclement weather such as we have been having this year, it is also an economic question as our farmer friend went on to show. He says that for stook threshing the farmer has to pay five dollars a day for teams and usually eight terms are necessary. This means that it costs the farmer \$40.00 a day extra for his threshing which he could save by stacking his grain. Besides he could go on with his plow plowing after he had finished stacking.

SHOULD HAVE CORRAL

We are exceedingly fortunate in having an elevator here this fall for the convenience of the farmers in the surrounding district. It is not only a good thing for the farmers but also for the townspeople who are anxious to have the farmers market their grain here. There is still another thing, however, which the town is badly in need of and which is also of great importance to the farmers. That is a corral and suitable equipment for loading cattle onto cars for transportation.

At the present time there are a number of ranchers in this district who will have cattle to ship in car loads this fall. There are also a number of farmers who will have cattle to sell in smaller quantities to buyers who come around from time to time. In the past it has been necessary for ranchers in this district who have cattle to ship to take them almost from our very door away up to Sufield to load them, as the C. P. R. has no proper accommodation for that purpose.

This is a matter of almost as great importance as the elevator and we think the council or the board of trade should interview the C. P. R. officials and see if something of this nature could not be secured.

MUST HAVE YOUR NAME

Times without number we have drawn the attention of our readers to the fact that we will not publish any articles sent in to this office unless the name of the writer accompanies the articles. As we have said hundreds of times before, it is not necessary that the name should be published but we want it simply as a guarantee of good faith. This week we received an item which is most interesting and which we would like to publish. We know of no one by the name of the author did not sign his name. It is hard to understand why so many people go to the trouble of writing articles for the press and then neglect to sign them. They must know by this time that all such articles only find their way to the waste paper basket, as no newspaper of any importance will break this hard and fast rule.

We are always glad to get items of news which are of interest to our readers but we must also know where it comes from.

THE REVIEW STARTS THE BALL

Some time ago the Review spoke editorially of the absurdity and utter uselessness of the law which compelled people to advertise empooned cattle, lard for sale for arrears of taxes and kindred matters in the Provincial Gazette. At that time we pointed out, that one advertisement in the local paper would do more good than a hundred advertisements in the Gazette, because not more than half a dozen people in any one town ever saw the Gazette and a large percentage possibly never heard of it. Since that article appeared in the Review almost every paper in Alberta and Saskatchewan has taken the matter up and dealt with it along the same lines. "Great oaks from little acorns grow."

A POOR EXCUSE

One excuse given by the weed inspectors this year for not enforcing the weed laws of the province, was that the fine was so small that land owners would sooner pay the fine than go to the expense of properly attending to the weed crop. When one gives this excuse his serious consideration it looks very lame indeed. The fine for non-compliance with the weed bylaw is \$50.00. But when a delinquent pays that fine once it does not mean that he cannot be fined again for the same offence. If a man is fined \$1.00 and costs two dollars for being drunk and disorderly, it doesn't mean that he can get as drunk and disorderly as he likes for the other 364 days in the year without being subject to a similar fine. Certainly not. He would be subject to the same or a larger fine for each offence. Surely it is the same with the man who breaks any other law—the weed law included. Simply because one of these large land owners pays his fine for breaking the law, it does not mean that he can go on breaking the law. If after he has paid his fine he goes on disregarding the law, fine him again and again and so until he learns that it will pay him to recognize the law and those who are supposed to enforce it.

The weed inspectors will have to dig up some better excuse than this for allowing the country to be ruined by weeds the way it is this year.

J. J. Hill to Float Billion Dollar Loan

James J. Hill went to New York city to handle the largest financial deal in the history of the world. Mr. Hill has been asked to come to New York city by J. P. Morgan to direct the loan to European governments, which will, it is expected, amount to \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000. Mr. Hill is fully prepared for what is one of the most important transactions in the history of the United States and which in a large measure affects the course of the war in Europe.

Kitcheners Calls for Much Larger Forces

Lord Kitcheners has just submitted to the cabinet his estimate of the number of soldiers it will be necessary for us to maintain on the continent next year. The estimate provides for a much larger force than we already have in the field. Larger it is, there is no reason to doubt that the voluntary system will yield all the men needed, but the advocates of compulsion are stilling the temporary delays in recruiting and the need for acceleration in the supply of munitions to push their passage. Lloyd George has a profound faith in the sturdy patriotism of the working classes, but owing to the fact that the navy has protected us from the ravages of war he does not think the gravity of the situation is realized by them or by other sections of the nation. He desires to see the whole nation under arms. He wants compulsory military service for industrial purposes, the idea being apparently that men under discipline could be transferred from workshop to workshop as occasion requires.

Conscription Discussed In British House

Official admission that the cabinet is seriously debating the subject of conscription was made public for the first time in the house of commons this week. The subject was raised when a motion for adjournment was made. It was brought up by both opponents and advocates of conscription. Premier Asquith finally arose and announced: "This is not a matter which has escaped the attention of the government. When the government, without undue delay and with the due deliberation which the gravity of the subject demands, have arrived at their conclusions they will be presented to the house and will then become the subject of parliamentary discussion." The premier expressed regret that the question of the best way "in which this country shall meet the call to bring the war to a successful conclusion," had become a matter of public controversy. He hoped there would be no further debate on this subject for the present.

Says Germany Lied To United States

The Daily News, in an editorial dealing with Germany's note to the United States concerning the sinking of the steamship Arabic, says: "We have good reason for believing that no report has, as a matter of fact, been received by the German government from the submarine which sank the Arabic. The whole story almost certainly is an invention, and can probably be proven to be such."

The Daily News has always contended that the submarine which torpedoed the Arabic never returned.

General News Notes From Various Points

The entire 2nd Canadian division is being supplied with the Ross rifle.

Another Zeppelin raid was made over the east coast of England. There were no casualties.

All Bulgarian reservists in Italy have been recalled to the colors. Transportation expenses are being defrayed through the legation at Rome.

Senator Charles E. DeBoucherville, C. M. G., twice premier of Quebec, and the oldest living legislator on the continent, died last Monday.

Official announcement was made Tuesday in the house of commons that the total of British war casualties up to August 31 was 381,983 officers and men killed, injured and missing.

An attack with gunfire on a neutral ship by a German submarine is reported in a dispatch from Christiania to Reuters. The submarine is said to have fired on the Norwegian ship Fremto, with a cargo of wood, last Friday. The crew was saved.

General Sir Samuel Hughes permitted the definite statement to be made that General Alderson will command the entire Canadian army corps at the front, which will be up of the first division, under General Currie, and the second division, under General Turner.

An adjournment was ordered in the case of Theo. Graham, provincial inspector of mines, and J. H. Yonkin, manslaughter in connection with the death of 19 miners at South Wellington last February.

A battle between Italian and Austrian naval forces, the former assisted by a French submarine, occurred on Thursday last in the Adriatic sea. The ministry of marine announced that one Austrian torpedo boat had been damaged seriously.

The American government is not yet willing to discuss with Germany the question of arbitration in connection with the sinking of the Arabic, it was stated Tuesday by a high government official. "That question of arbitration is not an issue."

We are hearing a lot about the grandiose plans of the campaign, but France knows definitely that Germany is anxious about the coming winter campaign, and is doing everything to avoid it. More emphatic still is this the case in Vienna. Budapest and Constantinople.

The relations of Roumania with the Central powers have reached a critical stage. The German government, in a recent note demanded extradition for the passage of Austro-German troops through Roumanian territory and the fulfillment by Roumania of an undertaking to supply bread and other supplies to the value of \$40,000,000. Over 2,000 German wagons laden with materials are waiting on the Roumanian frontier.

Speaking of the part that the allies have up to the present taken in France, Sir Sam Hughes said: Just as the British and French have been immortalized on the Marne and the Aisne, so Canadians have also been immortalized at Ypres and Festubert. In these battles the work of the allies is now regarded as a marvelous exhibition of pluck, endurance and successful fighting."

In the Methodist Recorder, London, the Rev. Owen S. Watkins, an army chaplain and veteran of the Sudan campaign and South African war, in which he was twice mentioned in dispatches, gives a vivid description of the first "gas battle"—the second battle of Ypres, which lasted from April 22 to May 13. This was the battle, in the words of the Literary Digest, in which Canada bought, at the price of her own heart's blood, a glory that will live as long as the deeds of death find entrance to the Hall of Fame.

Vessel Carrying Italians on Fire at Sea

The steamship Santa Anna, bound from New York to Marseilles and Naples with 1,600 Italian reservists aboard was on fire in the Atlantic three or four days sail from the nearest port. Wireless messages that reached the station at Cape Race brought the first news of her plight. Later reports state that the fire was extinguished and the vessel proceeded on her way.

ASK FOR GOODS



MADE IN CANADA

TALK FROM TEXAS

Cotton Farmer Better Off Than Sometimes Appears

According to Mr. C. E. Nash, the president of a hardware concern in Fort Worth, Texas, the farmers should not hold all their cotton because of low prices prevailing as a result of the war. He says:

"It is said that a farmer cannot raise cotton at less than 10 cents per pound, yet, say a farmer not rich, or at least independent, raising it at 7 cents, and that at a time when he sold all he raised at a lower profit than is the case today, while he paid more for what he purchased. We give you the following comparisons:

He buys a hog for 50c. that used to cost 75c.

He buys a pile at 15c. that used to cost 25c.

He buys a singletree at 25c. that used to cost 50c.

He buys a sheep at 5c. that used to cost 15c. per pound.

He buys a pig at 75c. that used to cost \$2.00.

He buys nails at 4c. that used to cost 6c. per pound.

He buys wire at 75c. that used to cost 10c. per pound.

He buys hams at 50c. that used to cost 75c.

He buys traces at 45c. that used to cost 75c.

He pays 50c. per day for picking when he used to pay \$1.00.

He borrows money at 5 per cent to 10 per cent, where he used to pay 12 per cent and 15 per cent.

He sells wheat at \$1.00 that used to bring 50c.

He sells oats at 50c. that used to bring 15c.

He sells corn at 75c. that used to bring 15c.

He sells hay at \$14.00 that used to bring \$4.00.

He sells turkeys at \$2.25 and sometimes \$4.00 that used to bring 50c to 75c.

He sells chickens at \$2.50 that used to sell at \$1.25 to \$1.50 per dozen.

He sells a horse at \$150.00 to

\$225.00 that used to sell from \$40.00 to \$100.00.

A Happy Condition
We must, of course, recollect that these prices are quoted for Texas, and, as the writer points out, are possibly not absolutely correct, yet accurate enough to show that the farmer is getting the best of the situation.

While most of these prices would not apply in Canada there is no doubt that the farmers of Canada are purchasing their hardware and similar supplies at lower prices than prevailed a generation, or even ten years ago, and are getting a better price. Texas wheat is quoted at \$1 per bushel, whereas wheat in Western Canada is selling higher than that. It would seem that farmers are more favored under the war conditions that prevail today than most of the other interests that go to make up the country. Certainly, farmers are much better off than mechanics, many of whom are out of work in our cities. Farmers today have no cause to envy the manufacturers, most of whom have to be awake at night trying to devise some means of making ends meet.

THE IDEAL CUSTOMER

He Believes That What Helps His Fellowcitizen Helps Him

Buying abroad always hints at the inferiority of one's own countrymen. Yet the man who would be the first to deny that his "Made-in-Canada" goods had a superior abroad is often the first to buy on the basis that the other fellow's "Made-in-Canada" goods are inferior to those made in foreign countries.

Then, every time you pass up your home products, unconsciously, perhaps you send the price higher for the man who buys at home. This very fellow, who may be on your list of customers is probably paying more for certain "Made-in-Canada" goods than he might have had to pay if you had also contributed to keep the cost down. He may, by his next purchasing move, pass yours and ours and all other "Made-in-Canada" products up for the foreign articles, which are perhaps cheaper. And thus it goes. A meaningless purchasing attitude stores powder, and keeps Commercial Canada upside-down.

REVIEW JOB DEPARTMENT

Is equipped to turn out all kinds of job work from the smallest to the biggest job. Give us a trial.

PEOPLE

If you have anything to sell let others know of it through the Review. It will get you buyers and keep the money which is going elsewhere in town

FARMERS

Invest your first wheat money in subscribing for the Review. It will keep you posted in all local happenings

ASK FOR GOODS



ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

Blundell's for School Supplies. We are getting in the line of base for children. Gibson & Tupper.

W. B. Marshall, of Medicine Hat, was a business visitor in town yesterday.

The Presbyterian Ladies Aid will meet in the church next Thursday at 3 o'clock.

The regular meeting of the school board will be held next Monday evening.

Most of the soldiers who have been helping with harvesting operations in this district, intend returning to Sarcee camp tomorrow.

See A. J. Nicholson for insurance of all kinds in the best companies.

Come to Gibson & Tupper's get your millinery.

Mrs. W. Hagerman, of Edmonton, is at present the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. L. Stone.

Miss Gibson, who has been visiting friends in and around Regina, returned home last week.

Rev. Harding, of Medicine Hat, visited last Tuesday in town visiting Rev. H. C. B. Gibson.

Two Austrians were arrested in Calgary on the charge of trade in furs. They were collecting money among their friends and sending it over to Austria.

Mr. Hemmings, who has been in the harvest fields in Saskatchewan for the past month, returned to town this week.

LOST OR MISLAIN—A shower proof coat, farm made of color marked Kimberley, South Africa. Finder will be rewarded by leaving name at W. Oates' blacksmith shop.

C. Calderwood, brother of Policeman Calderwood, arrived in town on Monday from Ontario and will visit Jack here for a few days.

Jon Bishop was in town yesterday looking for teams to put on the road between here and the Hat to drag it over and put it in good condition again after the recent rains.

Miss Black, of the central telephone staff, returned to town yesterday after spending her holidays with her parents in Greenfield, Sask. Her aunt, Miss Doyle, of Brandon, accompanied her to Redcliff and will visit here for a few weeks.

Councillor Devitt left here last Tuesday evening for Swift Current to start out on his route as collector for the Maney-Harvey company. His territory is between Swift Current and Medicine Hat.

If the fine weather of yesterday and today continues threatening will be in full swing again tomorrow. We understand a number of nauts are already in operation in the immediate vicinity of the town.

In another column of this issue the secretary-treasurer of the town has a notice drawing attention to the town voters' list which is now open for inspection at the town hall. If you think your name should be on the list attend to the matter NOW. Don't leave it till it is too late, then blame it on some one else.

A. J. Nicholson sells seasonably tickets of all lines. See him before booking your passage to Europe.

BARGAIN DAY AGAIN AT GUST'S

To Clear a Few Odds and Ends of Baking Powder, 16-oz. cans, regular 25c, for... 15c
Baking Powder, 16-oz. cans, regular 25c, for... 15c
Sugar, small jars, regular 25c, for... 15c
Pure Jam, small jars, regular 25c, for... 15c
Pure Jam, tumblers, regular 25c, for... 15c
Orange Marmalade, tumblers, regular 25c, for... 15c
L. Noel & Son afternoon tea press, regular 40c for... 25c
Pure Gold Jelly Press, glass fruit, port, vanilla, for... 60c
Jelly Presses, raspberry, strawberry, lemon, orange and pineapple, four for... 50c
Fresh Tomatoes, per basket... 50c
Fresh Tomatoes, per crate... \$1.15

NORTH WEST GROCERY
Prompt Delivery Phone 70

We can supply ANY school Text Book. Blundell's, Broadway.

We are able to make you good price on pianos. Gibson & Tupper.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Taylor and family left Tuesday for Moose Jaw where they will reside in future.

R. Chapman, of Minneapolis, is spending a few weeks in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sherwin.

The long drive out here at the Danforth's furnishes another proof that a "straight" beats three kings.

Mrs. M. A. Brown and Miss Rex, of Medicine Hat, spent last Wednesday in town the guests of Mrs. Ed. L. Stone.

Councillor Robertson left yesterday for Tompkins, Sask., where he is running a branch store. His store here is still open for business.

Gibson & Tupper are getting their fall and winter stock now. Give us a call.

When sending money to Europe buy a Dominion Express Foreign cheque. A. J. Nicholson sells them.

FOR SALE—Second hand bicycle in good condition. Apply to Redcliff Greenhouse.

Dr. Stoner left last Tuesday for Eastern Canada on a business trip. From there he will go south to California where he will spend the winter, for which he will spend the winter.

The Duke of Connaught was at Sarcee on the charge of this week, mousing the troops there. He will go on through to the coast on the same mission and return east next week.

The light fall of snow last Sunday evening has delayed the opening of the roads for another few days. No damage was done by the snow but the frost which accompanied it spoiled the flowers garden since.

A number of pioneers from this district went out to Elkwater, Sask. last Sunday to spend the day, were forced to remain there over night owing to the heavy snow storm which made the roads impassable.

The Catholic congregation of this town will hold services here the first Sunday of each month in Crow's hall. The first service in the new quarters will be held Sunday, October 3rd.

The Presbyterian Women's Missionary Society sent last week a box containing essential garments of all kind for one year for an Indian girl at the Presbyterian school at Uxbridge, B. C. The box was valued at \$18.

Bills are now out announcing that the British commission will be in medicine Hat on Sept. 19th for the purpose of being horses for the army. Those in this district having horses to sell for this purpose should make a note of the date.

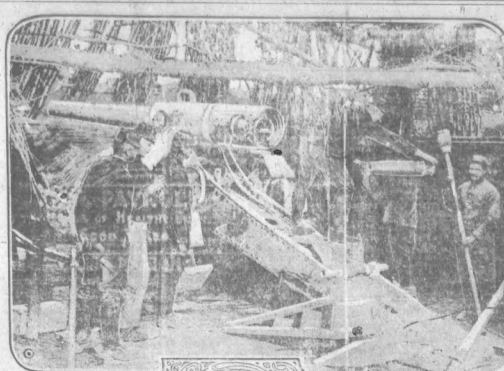
The department of the interior at Ottawa has appointed Ed. L. Brown of this office, a commissioner for making out naturalization papers. Any in this district who wish to become naturalized may have their wants attended to by him.

Sir William C. Van Horne, one of the best known railroad men and financiers in America, formerly president of the Canadian Pacific railway, died at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon in the Royal Victoria hospital, Montreal.

E. J. Crow has been making some improvements on the front of his cigar store on Broadway. The glass has been taken out and after straightening up the frame work the glass was replaced. The alterations make quite an improvement in the appearance of the store front.

Mr. Hillery, supervisor for the Royal Bank, was in town this week inspecting this branch. While here he was taken around through the industries by Mayor Bets and after seeing them expressed himself as well pleased with the substantial industries located here. He thought it should not be long till they were all in operation again and the town should soon see a return to the old time activities.

Last Saturday a homesteader named Alfred Gough was in the Hat and after getting a liberal supply of John Barstons he left for home. On the way out of town he and his team fell over a 60-foot crevasse and he fortunately escaped unhurt. His horse and team were seriously injured. For coming through without killing himself Gough was arrested by the police and brought before a magistrate where he was fined \$3.00 and costs.



Big Guns with which the French army is now well supplied

The Red-Cross Society meets next Tuesday afternoon. All ladies are welcome.

Mrs. Clinek arrived in town this week to join her husband who has been engaged as assistant principal on the school staff here.

The date for Thanksgiving this year has not as yet been set but it is expected to be either Oct. 11th or 18th.

Donald McLachlan and W. S. McLean leave tomorrow for Sarcee camp to go into training again after spending the past month in the harvest fields.

Messrs. Joseph and D. Burgen, who have been spending the summer in Minnesota, returned to Redcliff this week to take their old positions in the brick and coal company. They started to work immediately after arriving here.

J. Gowan, of Ottawa, Dominion inspector of cigar factories, was in town last Tuesday inspecting the factory here. He found everything in excellent condition and was well pleased with the excellent quality of cigars made at this factory.

CHURCH NOTICES

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Divine worship at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Communion subject, "Paul as an Athlete." The evening service will be on "The Two-fold Effect of a Divine Manifestation."

Service at Breckinridge at 3 p.m. Sabbath school at 2:15 in the afternoon.

Prayer service on Wednesday evening at 8, with an address on "The Prophetic Words Were Fulfilled in the Lifetime of the Prophets." This is the second discourse in the series on Biblical prophecies, and will be found very interesting as well as edifying.

The church attendance league meets on Saturday at 3 p.m. There will be Bible football on "Joseph."

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
Sunday next (Sept. 19): Holy Communion at 8 a.m.; matins at 11. Sunday school at 2:30. Evensong at 7:30 p.m.

Box Springs service 3 p.m. The Rebekah Lodge, I. O. O. F., will parade to church at 7:30.

Wednesday W. A. M. at 7:30. Friday, evening and intercession for the war at 7:30. Choir practice at 8 p.m.

Sunday, Sept. 26, service at Breckinridge at 7:30.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Roid's Hall.
September 19th: Morning service at 11, subject "The Gently-Smooth Ride."

Sunday school at 2:30. Evening service at 7:30, subject, "Christ Before Pilate, Prior Before Christ."

Weeknight service, Tuesday at 8. Choir practice, Friday at 8 p.m.

THE UNION HUB CLASS.
The class will hold its meeting at usual in the Presbyterian church at half past three on Sunday. Its topic is a "Review" from the accession of Napoleon to the death of Ahab. Thoroughly undenominational.

The number of Russians taken prisoner since May 1st by the Austrians and Germans is reckoned by La Suisse at 2,671,760.

BIG INVESTMENTS OF AMERICAN CAPITAL

"Money Times" Annual Compilation Shows Over \$600,000,000 in the Aggregate

Investment figures dealing with investments of American capital in Canadian enterprises are given by the "Money Times" in their annual review.

Dealing with the investments in industrial enterprises it appears that the largest number of branch manufacturing plants of American companies is located in Ontario, although there is a tendency to choose Western Canadian locations for a greater extent.

At least twelve United States manufacturers of agricultural and farm implements have branches in the Dominion and about as many makers of automobiles. In the latter case, the parts are usually made separately and assembled in this country.

Several United States manufacturers of chemicals, drugs, patent foods and cereals have factories or distributing houses on the Canadian side of the international line. A large number of firms manufacturing and supplying various machinery, fittings and plants are also doing business in Canada in a similar way.

This United States commercial invasion applies to a lengthy list of articles, including chemicals, hardware, blind rollers, buttons, carpet sweeper, corsets, condensed milk, beds, corks, carriages, couches, brass beds, billiard tables, caddies, registers, disinfectant, by paper, dyes, extinguishers, fountain pens, gramophones, pickles, presses, pulleys, razors, rubbers, sealers, shoes, scales, typewriters, watch cases, tobacco, etc. This gives an idea of the scope of United States industrial interests in the Dominion.

This great invasion of Canada by American capitalists and capitalists of industry is due in great measure to the stable fiscal policy which Canada has maintained for nearly a generation. There are some who will dispute this, but a canvass of the managers of the American enterprises that have located branch factories in Canada will convince the most unwavering free trader that the tariff is the main cause of the movement of American plants to Canada.

There are other contributing causes, no doubt, but the policy Canada adopted thirty years ago, and which has been endorsed by the great majority of the people at intervals ever since is the determining factor, just as it is the most potent factor in the enormous industrial development of our neighbor to the south during the past two generations.

Big War Orders
Coming to Canada

Before leaving London, Sir Robert Borden interviewed members of the war purchasing commission of the allies and laid before them data as to the industrial and agricultural resources of Canada which were available for war necessities.

The war office officials charged with purchasing arrangements were also seen. Sir Robert and urged to consider placing in Canada of all orders which could be economically filled, as a result instructions have been issued to all purchasing agents to pay all due consideration to the supplies which Canada can furnish and it is expected that new orders aggregating over \$100,000,000 for war material and supplies will shortly be placed in the Dominion.

Canadian Wounded Coming Back Home

That the Canadian Army Medical Service at the front is splendidly organized under Surgeon-General Guy Carlton Jones, and that the women of Canada should not by any means relax their efforts to supply comforts and extra clothing for the men, and surgical supplies for the hospitals, is the word brought back from the front by Major G. E. Doherty of New Westminster, assistant director of medical supplies for the Canadian overseas forces.

Major Doherty reached Ottawa from London, last week Thursday, having been brought over by the government to organize the work of looking after the invalid Canadians who are returning to Canada either to convalesce before returning to the war, or to be discharged on pension after their cases have been passed by the medical boards. There are now about 3,000 of these in Great Britain, and most of them will be back in Canada before Christmas. A few hundred have already arrived and every boat now from sea will bring more of them.

For example, take the case of an article formerly obtainable under the general tariff at thirty per cent. The advantage of the British manufacture was as follows:

Foreign article paid... 30%
British article paid... 20%

Advantage of British over foreign article now... 10%

The new regulations alter the situation as follows:—
Foreign article now pays... 35%
British article now pays... 25%

Advantage of British over foreign article now... 10%

Our three tariff British Preference, and General Tariff—are relative, and if the relation is maintained when a general increase is made, it is obvious that these enjoy the lowest tariff received at advantage over those affected by the higher tariff.

Considers for the manufacturers of the United Kingdom is not the chief motive actuating those who oppose the tariff measures. They see the opportunity to strike another blow against the policy of Protection, which they hope will be a popular blow, because the economic aspect of the case is overlooked in the military fervor of the moment.

Foreign countries do not support Canadian factories. Why support them? Buy "Made-in-Canada" goods and help Canadians.

C. P. R. Time Table

EAST BOUND—No. 4, 12:30; stop; No. 14, 5:45, Bag.

WEST BOUND—No. 3, 10:00; stop; No. 13, 22:30, stop.

No. 1 and 2 trains do not stop and consist of only through Pullman and Colonist sleeping cars.

No. 1 leaves Calgary at 14:00, No. 13 leaves Medicine Hat at 22:00; No. 3 leaves Medicine Hat at 9:40.

Medicine Hat to Lethbridge.
No. 511 leaves Medicine Hat at 12:10, arrives Lethbridge 14:00; No. 519 leaves Medicine Hat at 23:40, arrives Lethbridge 4:17.

No. 514 leaves Lethbridge at 24:10, arrives Medicine Hat 3:40; No. 512 leaves Lethbridge at 14:00, arrives Medicine Hat 18:15.

TOWN OF REDCLIFF.

REVISION OF VOTERS' LIST.
The Voters' List of the Town of Redcliff is now completed, and may be inspected at the office of the secretary-treasurer between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Any person having the necessary qualification and whose name has been omitted from the list is requested to immediately make application to the office, in order that his or her name may be added.

F. H. COURTNEILL,
Secretary-Treasurer.
September 16th, 1915.

FURNITURE REPAIRING

Done on the shortest notice and satisfaction guaranteed. Have your old furniture made like new.

I also carry a line of Second Hand Furniture
FRED ODLIN, Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer
BROADWAY, REDCLIFF

REDCLIFF FARMERS' ELEVATOR

Will be completed and ready to handle this crop. Arrangements made to pay cash for all grain bought at this elevator. Will also ship in car lots, subject to government weight and grade.

FARMERS—Bring your grain here, you are assured of a square deal.
D. BROADFOOT, Manager

THE BRITISH PREFERENCE

Did the Budget Wreaken It?—Increased Revenue Necessary—Some Figures

Free traders and those who want to lower our tariff oppose the recent increase of five per cent. in the duty levying the British goods entering Canada on the ground that such action is "particularly objectionable in the fact that, instead of favoring, it is placing extra barriers against Great Britain's trade with Canada."

The fact is carefully ignored that the British manufacture an advantage of 2 1/2 per cent. and the British Preference 7 1/2 per cent. and gives the British manufacture an advantage of 2 1/2 per cent. greater than that which they enjoyed before the measure was put into effect.

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British article paid... 20%

Advantage of British over foreign article now... 10%

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DR. E. W. BROWN

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Redcliff Alberta
—PHONE 22—

FRANK BAIRD,
Barrister, Solicitor,
Notary Public, Etc.
Office, Cow Building,
REDCLIFF, Alberta.
Phone 79.